**Part 1: Socio-economics used to obtain nationally representative sample**

1. What is your gender:

* Male
* Female
* Other

1. What is your age (*categories need to be defined in line with national statistics*):
2. What is the highest level or degree of schooling you have completed?

* No schooling completed
* Primary school
* Lower secondary school
* **Vocational degree**
* High School
* University degree
* Master’s degree
* Doctorate degree

1. What is your monthly household income in [currency] (before withholding tax) (*categories need to be defined in line with national statistics of the respective country):*
2. Are you a landlord or tenant? *(Several answers possible)*
   * Tenant
   * Owner-occupant
   * Owner-lessor
   * Hosted for free
3. How much do you estimate your assets, or those of your household if you are married (in euros)? Included here are all your possessions (home, car, savings, etc.) net of debt. For example, if you own a house worth $300,000, your only property, and you have $100,000 left to pay back on your mortgage, your assets are $200,000.
4. Do you live in an urban or rural area: (*e.g. city>200k habitant; rural area<50k habitants).*
5. What is your zipcode?
6. What is your employment status:
   * Temporary contract
   * Full-time employed
   * Part-time employed
   * Self-employed
   * Unemployed
   * Student
   * Retired

**Part 2: Further socio-economic characteristics**

1. Do you have children? [yes/no]
2. How many people make up your household? The household includes: you, the members of your family who live with you, and your dependents.
3. How many children below 18 are there in your household?
4. Are you member of an environmental organization? [yes/no]
5. What is the main heating energy source in your home?

[Electricity; gas; heating oil; wood, solar, geothermal, aerothermal (heat pump); Other; Don’t know]

1. How many miles have you and your household members driven in the last 12 months?
2. What mode of transportation do you mainly use for each of the following trips?
   * Home - work (or studies)
   * Grocery shopping
   * Leisure (excluding holidays)

[car or motorbike; public transport; walking; cycling; electric scooter; carpooling; Other; Not applicable]

1. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?   
   There are good opportunities for using public transport where I live. [Fully agree; Somewhat agree; Neither agree nor disagree; Somewhat disagree; Fully disagree; Don’t know.]

**Part 3: Trust, perceptions of institutions, inequality, and the future:**

1. Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted or that you need to be very careful? (*using a slider from* 0- need to be careful; 10 most people can be trusted)
2. How much of the time do you think you can trust the government in your country to do what is right? (just about always/ most of the time/ only some of the time/ never)
3. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement? The authorities spend the income from taxes and fees in a sensible way.

[Alternatives: Fully agree; Somewhat agree; Neither agree nor disagree; Somewhat disagree; Fully disagree; Don’t know]

1. Think more broadly about the purpose of the government. Where would you rate yourself on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 means you think the government should do only those things necessary to provide the most basic government functions, and 5 means you think the government should take active steps in every area it can to try and improve the lives of its citizens (scale 1-5).
2. Do you think inequality is a serious problem in (*COUNTRY)*? [Not a problem at all/A small problem/A problem/A serious problem/A very serious problem]
3. How do you see the world in 100 years? [Richer, thank’s to technological progress; Poorer, due to resource depletion and/or climate change; About as rich as now on average; Don’t know, don’t say]
4. Which of the following is closest to your view?
   * Our civilization will eventually collapse, it is useless to try making society more sustainable
   * Our civilization will develop so much that climate change will not be a problem in the distant future
   * We should make our society as sustainable as possible to avoid irreversible damages
   * Sustainability should not be a top priority, there are more important goals to be sought

**Part 4: Climate Change (attitudes and risks)**

1. What are your political views? What political proposals do you support? Please write a few sentences. *Open field*
2. What do you know about climate change? Please write a few sentences. *Open field*
3. What are your views on climate change? Please write a few sentences. *Open field*
4. Do you think our gouvernment should fight climate change? If yes, how? Please write a few sentences. *Open field*
5. In your opinion, climate change...
   * is not a reality
   * is mainly due to natural climate variability
   * is mainly due to human activity
   * PNR (Don't know, don't say).
6. Do you think humanity can halt climate change?
   * No, climate change is inevitable, it is an illusion to think humanity can halt it
   * We could technically halt climate change, but this would cause more harm than climate change itself, so we’d better adapt to climate change than try to stop it
   * We could and we should halt climate change, but unfortunately this is not the way we are taking
   * Yes, we could halt climate change, and we will eventually succeed in doing so in the next century, thank’s to awareness raising and stringent public policies
   * Yes, we do not have to worry too much about climate change nor enact stringent public policies, because new technologies and spontaneous changes in habit will suffice to halt climate change
   * Don’t know, don’t say
7. How often do you talk about climate change? [Daily; Several times a month; Several times a year; almost never; Don’t know]
8. In your opinion, in your country, which generations will be seriously affected by climate change? (*Several answers possible*)
   * People born in the 1960s
   * People born in the 1990s
   * People born in the 2020s
   * People born in the 2050s
   * None of the four
9. How worried are you about the impacts of climate change? [very worried, worried, indifferent, not worried, not worried at all.]
10. Assuming that all states in the world agree to firmly fight climate change, notably through a transition to renewable energy, through efforts of the richest, and imagining that our country would expand the supply of non-polluting transport very widely; would you be willing to adopt a sustainable lifestyle (i.e. eat little red meat and ensure to use almost no gasoline, diesel or kerosene)? [Yes; No; PNR (Don't know, don't say)]
11. Would you be willing to change your lifestyle to fight climate change? (*Several answers possible*)
    * Yes, if policies went in this direction;
    * Yes, if I had the financial means;
    * Yes, if everyone did the same;
    * No, only the richest people have to change their way of life;
    * No, it would affect me more to change my lifestyle than to avoid climate change;
    * No, I think climate change is not a real problem;
    * I have already adopted a sustainable way of life;
    * I try, but I have trouble changing my habits
12. If we decided to halt climate change, what would be the effect on our way of life?
    * Halting climate change would be an opportunity for our economy: it would create jobs and reduce air pollution as side effects, thus being a slight improvement in our way of life.
    * It would be costly to halt climate change, but we would be able to maintain our way of life (e.g. replacing thermal cars by electric cars, electricity from coal by renewables or nuclear, etc.)
    * To halt climate change, we would have to deeply change our way of life (e.g. reducing energy consumption, eating much less meat, ride bicycles instead of driving cars, etc.)
    * I do not know, I do not want to answer
13. Which of the following issues should be addressed to halt climate change?
    * The use of technologies that emit greenhouse gases (e.g. gasoline cars, electricity from coal...)
    * The level of waste (waste of energy, waste of food, etc.)
    * High standards of living
    * Overpopulation
    * Don’t know, don’t say

**Part 5: International burden-sharing**

1. At which level do you think public policies to tackle climate change needs to be enacted? [local; national; global; all levels]
2. What do you think of these ways of distribution the overall costs of fighting climate among countries? [Likert 5 items disagree / agree] [countries should pay in proportion of their income; … of their current emissions; … of their past emissions; rich countries should pay more, so that poorest countries do not have to pay; rich countries should pay much more, so that poorest countries can be compensated].
3. Do you think our country should take measures to fight climate change? [Yes, in any case; Yes, even more so if other countries are less ambitious; Yes, even more so if other countries also take similar measures; It depends: only if it is part of a fair international agreement; No, by no means]
4. Would you approve of a tax on the top 1% to finance the development of low-income countries (vaccination, access to drinkable water, to healthcare, to education...)?
5. Would you approve of the establishment of a global asssembly whose role would be to take action against climate change?
6. Would you approve of the Cap and Share system: a global tax on greenhouse gas emissions funding a global basic income of $30/month to each adult?

**Part 6: Preferences on climate policies**

1. Would you support the following environmental policies?
   * A tax on kerosene (aviation)
   * A national carbon tax
   * Stricter standards on the insulation of new buildings
   * Stricter standards on the pollution of new vehicles
   * The prohibition of the entry of most polluting vehicles
   * The prohibition of polluting vehicles in dense areas
   * Subsidies to clean technologies (renewable energy, capture and sequestration of carbon...)
   * A contribution to a global climate fund to finance clean energy in low-income countries

[Yes, absolutely; Yes, rather; Indifferent or Don’t know; No, not really; No, not at all]

1. In which cases would you be in favor of increasing the carbon tax? I would be in favor if the tax revenues were used to finance...
   * Transfers to households forced to consume petroleum products
   * Transfers to the poorest households
   * Tax rebates for all households
   * Tax rebates for affected firms
   * Funding environmental infrastructure projects (public transport, cycling ways, etc.)
   * Subsidizing low-carbon technologies including renewable energy
   * A reduction in the public deficit
   * Other (please specify)

**Part 7: Preference on climate policies: eliciting determinants with information treatments**

*Five beliefs hypothesized as determinant for support of climate policies:*

1. *Climate change must be halted*
2. *The government can be trusted to correctly implement the policy*
3. *The policy is effective to fight climate change and has positive side effects*
4. *The policy would be socially fair / progressive*
5. *“I” would not lose from the policy*

*What is the weight of each belief in the support? How do they interact? How do they vary among policies? How do they change facing new information?*

*Key policies to study:*

1. *Carbon pricing for individuals (fuel tax and dividend)*
2. *Carbon pricing for firms (market of permits)*
3. *Public investment in renewable energy and clean transport financed by public debt*
4. *Emission standards*

*Treatment can be a short video, e.g. interview of a scientist explaining the measure would be necessary to protect the environment, and that it has already worked in some countries. Each treatment would cover two measures, the two other would not be mentioned. Then for each of the four, briefly describe the policy, ask for beliefs 2 to 5 + support for the policy. (That’s 20 questions in total).*

**Part 8: Preference for interdiction vs. incentives**

1. Imagine that the government finances the thermal renovation of residential housing. Would you prefer that the renovation be:
   * Mandatory: every building should be renovated before a certain date
   * Voluntary: an owner should be able to refuse the renovation of their house
   * I do not know, I do not want to answer
2. Imagine that to fight climate change, the government decides to limit the number of flights to an average of one round-trip per person each year. What of the following option would you prefer:
   * Provide a non-tradable quota to each person: no one would be allowed to flight more than one round-trip per year
   * Provide a tradable quota to each person: those who do not fly within a given year would be allowed to sell their “right to fly” to someone who wants to fly more than once during that year
   * I do not know, I do not want to answer
3. Imagine that to fight climate change, the government decides to limit the consumption of cattle product like beef. Which of the following option would you approve:
   * A high tax on cattle product, so that the price of beef doubles
   * Subsidies on organic and local vegetables, fruits and nuts
   * The removal of subsidies to cattle farming
   * The interdiction of intensive cattle farming
   * Don’t know, don’t say
4. If you had to choose, which one of the following would be closest to your views?
   * Government should let ordinary people decide for themselves how to protect the environment, even if it means they do not always do the right thing, or
   * Government should pass laws to make ordinary people protect the environment, even if it interferes with people's right to make their own decisions.

**Part 9: Political views and media consumption:**

1. How much are you interested in politics? [On a scale of 1-5 with 1 meaning “Not at all” to 5 meaning “A lot”.]
2. How would you define yourself? (Several answers possible) [Far left; Left; Center; Right; Far right; Liberal; Conservative; Humanist; Patriot; Apolitical; Ecologist, don’t know]
3. How do you keep yourself informed of current events? Mainly through... [network TV, cable TV, radio, print, social medial, local TV, news website]
4. Did you vote in the last presidential/general election?
5. If yes, for which political party?

**Part 10: Feedback**

1. Do you feel that this survey was biased? [Yes, environmentalist bias; Yes, anti- environmentalist bias; No, it did not feel biased]
2. The survey is nearing completion. You can now enter any comments, comments or suggestions in the field below.